# **STOP LIGHT SWITCH**

## **COMPONENTS**

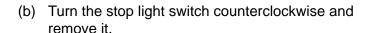


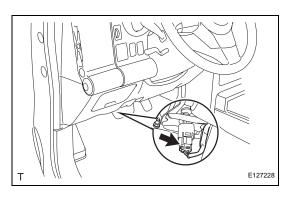
### **REMOVAL**

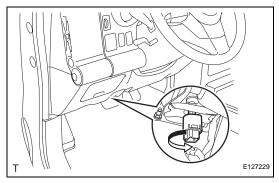
1. DISCONNECT CABLE FROM NEGATIVE BATTERY TERMINAL

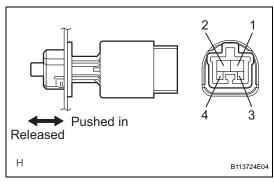


(a) Remove the stop light switch connector from the stop light switch.









### **INSPECTION**

### 1. INSPECT STOP LIGHT SWITCH

- (a) Check the resistance.
  - (1) Using an ohmmeter, measure the resistance and check the results in accordance with the value(s) in the table below.

### Standard Resistance

Tester Connection	Condition	Specified Condition
1 - 2	Switch pin released	Below 1 $\Omega$
3 - 4	Switch pin released	10 kΩ or higher
1 - 2	Switch pin pushed in	10 kΩ or higher
3 - 4	Switch pin pushed in	Below 1 $\Omega$

If the result is not as specified, replace the stop light switch.

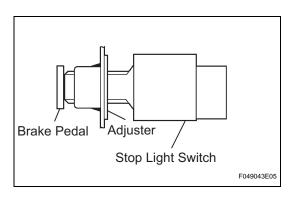
### **INSTALLATION**

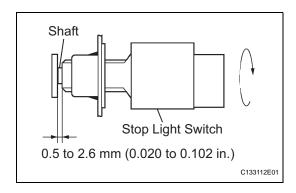
### 1. INSTALL STOP LIGHT SWITCH

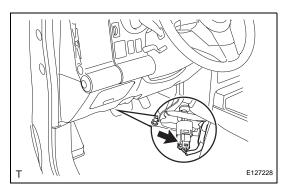
(a) Install the stop light switch into the adjuster until it slightly touches the brake pedal.

### NOTICE:

Do not depress the brake pedal.







(1) Make a quarter turn clockwise to install the stop light switch.

### **NOTICE:**

Do not depress the brake pedal.

HINT:

The turning torque for installing the stop light switch is as below.

Torque: 1.5 N\*m (15 kgf\*cm, 13 in.\*lbf) or less

(b) Check the stop light switch clearance.

Stop light switch clearance: 0.5 to 2.6 mm (0.020 to 0.102 in.)

(c) Connect the stop light switch connector to the stop light switch.

# 2. CONNECT CABLE TO NEGATIVE BATTERY TERMINAL

Torque: 3.9 N\*m (40 kgf\*cm, 35 in.\*lbf)